CU BANK SHARES

Town North Bank

+ PUTTING POWERFUL CARD SERVICES IN YOUR HANDS







history

- For over 30 years, TNB Card Services
 has provided credit unions with a unique
 combination of payment services
 expertise, member friendly service, and
 true partnership unmatched in the
 industry
- + TNB Card Services, a division of Town North Bank, has a one-of-a-kind heritage in the credit union movement

an industry first

Town North Bank is an independent bank, wholly-owned by credit unions and their members

Opened in 1972 and purchased by credit unions in 1975 as a way to gain entry into the credit card industry

Today it is a one-branch bank focused on commercial real estate lending

 TNB Card Services was formed in 1976 to create a way for credit unions to gain access to the credit card market

the TNB model is unique

- The only bank with credit union CEOs on the board of directors
- TNB focuses not on quarterly stockholder goals but on longer term benefits for credit unions and its members
- We provide a unique card issuing solution to credit unions looking for a credit union-owned partner with over 100 credit unions participating
- We assist nearly 500 credit unions with their card portfolios nationwide totaling 1.5 million cards and 1.1 million accounts

partnership

TNB Card Services seeks credit unions that are passionate about growing their card portfolio

- Our approach is to be a strategic partner
- + Build a high-performing asset
- + Minimize risk
- + Strengthen member satisfaction
- + Enhance your brand image

+ PARTNERSHIP

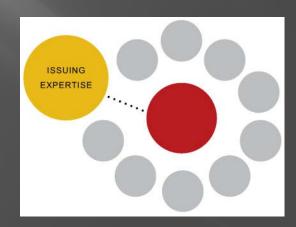
issuing expertise

TNB Card Services provides a credit union issuing solution.

We bring our proven results and issuing expertise to help credit

unions monitor their card portfolio.

- + Portfolio purchasing
- + Portfolio management
- + Portfolio consulting services
 - Collection services
 - Credit risk analysis
 - Database marketing
 - Rewards programs
 - Risk-based pricing



TNB Objectives

- Provide quality service to its:
 - Card Services Clients
 - Client and Bank Cardholders
 - Bank Customers
- Maximize Shareholder Return; Management's responsibility to:
 - Maintain adequate risk controls
 - Operate within regulatory guidelines
 - Maximize the use of shareholder's capital

Resistance to Transition

- □Every thing is fine, why do we need to change?
- □We haven't done this before, there is too much risk.
- □What will the regulators say; can we really do this?

Transition Results

- □Credit Union regulators no longer ask why the credit unions own the bank. TNB is their highest yielding asset.
- TNB regulators no longer caution TNB on its plans. There is confidence that TNB's risk controls mitigate risk associated with new ventures.
- □TNB's board places significant reliance on TNB management.

Current Capital Composition

(Dollars in Thousands)

Capital Generated	fror	n Earnings	<u>ROI</u>	
1975 to 1994	\$	9,402	6.75%	Managed ROA
1995 to 1997		4,156	8.50%	Transition to new strategies
1998 to 2007		45,558	10.90%	Managed ROE
		59,116	10.90%	vs. 6.75% = \$17.3 Million
Capital Investmen	<u>t</u>			
2004		12,000	Initial Capi	itization of TNB Nevada
2007		40,000	Nevada Po	ortolio Acquisitions
		52,000		
Total Capital	\$	111,116		

Remaining Capital Commitment \$20,000 brought into bank March 2008

US Banks With Leverage Ratios < 6.50%

Leverage Ratio	<u># of Banks</u>
<5.50%	4
5.50 - 6.00%	9
6.00 - 6.50% +	35
Total Banks < 6.50%	48

TNB Manages the balance sheet to its leverage ratio.

Peer analysis is more of "what every one else does" rather than "managing your own destiny"

Leverage and Risk Capital

		Risk Capital				
		Leverage	Tier I	Tier II		
	<u>Risk</u>					
Loans						
Commercial	100%	100	100	100		
Commitments	100%		10	10		
Mortgages	50%	100	50	50		
Securities	20%	100	20	20		
Total assets		300	180	180		
Capital	Requirement					
Equity	7.25%	22	22	22		
Allowance	0.75%			1.5		
Total Capital		22	22	23		
Ratio		7.25%	12.08%	12.92%		
Adequate Capital Limits	S	4.00%	4.00%	8.00%		
Excess Capital		10	15	9		

Efficient Allocation of Capital mitigates reduced ROA for low risk assets; results in acceptable ROE

Blue Ocean Companies

If this is such a good idea, why isn't someone already doing it? What did these companies do when this question was asked?

Microsoft

Wal-Mart

Starbucks

Southwest Airlines

Fed Ex

Citi Bank Created CD's

Merrill Lynch created Mortgage Backed Securities

51 Credit Unions Acquired Town North Bank (1975)

These companies used innovation. They made their competition irrelevant and created new markets.

CAPITAL FORMATION

C U Bank Shares

Ownership Limits

Ownership Limits
9.90% Voting
5.00% Non-Voting
14.90%

If any 1 board member exceeds 5% voting, there must be 2 above 5% voting.

Can own up to 25% voting and non-voting; however cannont be a board member and must report as a bank holding company

Can own trust preferred so long as < 5% of assets

Shareholder Required Asset Levels

CUB's Rate of Return 11%

	Stock	Owners	hip Mix/Sha	areholder A	ssets
	<u>Price</u>	< 6.00%	7.50%	9.90%	14.90%
2007	13.10	113	142	187	281
2008	14.54	171	214	282	425
2009	16.14	190	237	313	472
2010	17.91	211	263	348	523
2011	19.88	234	292	386	581
2012	22.07	260	325	428	645
2013	24.50	288	360	476	716
2014	27.19	320	400	528	795
2015	30.18	355	444	586	882
2016	33.51	394	493	650	979
#	# Shareholdeı	s 32	7		

Current Shareholder Mix

(\$ in Thousands)

\sim 1				
Shara	$n \cap n$	Mar I	'nmi	aneitian
			7	position
GIIGIO	11010			

	<u>Shareholders</u>	Board Members
> \$1 Billion	3	1
\$500 Million to \$1 Billion	3	2
\$250 to \$500 Million	3	3
\$100 to \$250 Million	13	8
< \$100 Million	16	1
Total	38	15

Investment Ranges

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<u> </u>	<u>mallest</u>	느	<u>argest</u>
\$	2,227	\$	6,899
\$	909	\$	3,923
\$	2,227	\$	6,899
\$	108	\$	6,724
\$	22	\$	2,231

Investment Limits: 5% of Assets

5% of Credit Unions Assets

9.9% of CUBs Voting Stock

5.0% of CUBs Non-Voting Stock

Non Voting stock limited to 49% of total Capital Structure

Capital Capacity

Investor Groups

Board and Current Shareholders > \$100MM (16)

Additional Shareholders (5)

Non-participating Shareholders (5)

Potential Shareholders (10)

Total Capacity (36)

All Credit Unions > \$100MM

	Capacity						
	Common		rust Pfd	Tot	tal		
\$	197,442	\$	128,645	\$ 326	5,087		
	167,426		225,219	225	5,219		
	48,264		53,949	53	3,949		
Ì	109,707	ħ	109,707	109	,707		
\$	522,839	\$	517,520	\$ 714	,962		

\$60 Million PPM

Shareholders were given the option to:

Sell shares to other board members @ a premium: 15%

Exchange current shares, voting & non-voting for nonvoting at an exchange rate of: 20 for 23 - 15% premium.

Combination of sell to board members & exchange voting for non voting - 15% premium.

The above options made a shareholder ineligible to be a board member

\$60 Million PPM

Shareholders required to have existing voting stock position; if the shareholder has only non-voting stock, the shareholder is not eligible to invest.

CUB's board will send notice of capital calls & the investor must fund within 30 days. Capital calls are funded pro rata the investors' voting stock position @ the time of the capital call.

\$60 Million PPM

Shares are sold at at book values as of prior month end for each capital call

- Two year subscription agreement
- Right to amend at six month intervals
- Capital calls at board authorization

Historical Credit Assessment

	<u>2001</u>	2002	2003	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	Change	
Credit Risk Mix						100		In Mix	Average
Loans w/Credit Risk	37%	38%	38%	38%	38%	38%	41%	3%	38%
Earning Assets w/o Risk	54%	54%	56%	55%	54%	55%	53%	-2%	55%
Non Earning Assets	8%	7%	6%	7%	7%	8%	7%	-1%	7%
Assets w/o Credit Risk	63%	62%	62%	62%	62%	62%	59%	-3%	62%
Net Charge Offs									
Commercial	0.18%	0.08%	0.06%	0.03%	0.15%	0.79%	0.00%	-1%	0.19%
Consumer	0.21%	0.36%	0.03%	0.14%	0.44%	0.27%	0.78%	1%	0.32%
Credit Card	N/A	N/A	0.58%	3.37%	3.94%	3.03%	2.56%	0%	2.69%
Net Charge Offs	0.19%	0.15%	0.12%	0.92%	1.63%	1.84%	1.17%	-1%	0.86%
		J-174				. 11 .			
Non Performing Loans	0.02%	0.00%	0.03%	0.08%	0.01%	0.02%	0.02%	0%	0.03%

Active Risk Management *Securities*



Active Risk Management *Funding*



Funding Distribution

Commercial and Real Estate Core Lending
Core Deposits and Brokered CD's

Mortgage Warehousing
FHLB short term advances

Investments/Leverage

FHLB Advances and Repo's (Short and Long Term)

Funding Distribution

Card Services

- TNB Nevada; Credit Card Portfolio Management
 - Brokered CD's

 Credit and Debit Card Processing; off balance sheet fee based

Securities Stratified

Bk Yield	Bk Value	Avg Life
<3.5%	5.43%	3.13
<4%	5.43%	5.99
<4.5%	5.43%	8.69
<5%	10.54%	8.05
<5.5%	9.71%	6.36
<6%	19.20%	7.93
<6.5%	16.23%	5.72
<7%	14.27%	5.53
<7.5%	3.19%	5.12
<8%	5.15%	8.17
>8%	5.41%	7.50

Advances Stratified

Rate	Book Value	Average Maturity
< 3.5%	1%	0.25
3.5% - 4.5%	15%	3.08
4.5% - 5.5%	63%	1.95
5.5% - 6.5%	18%	0.29
6.5% - 7.5%	3%	4.48

The Bottom Line

Securities Other Assets	100 200	Securities Yield Improvement Additional Income	0.50% 0.5
Total Assets	300	ROE	12.38%
Liabilities	279	ROE Improvement	2.38%
Capital	21	110 L 1111pi 0 101110111	
Total L & C	300		
		A 50bp yield improveme	
Net Income	2.1	1/3 of your balance shee	
		increase ROE (B/T) 2.38°	%
Tier 1 Leverage	7.00%		
ROE	10%	ROE (A/T) improvement	1.57%

Required Capital for TNB Nevac

Capital Tier I Leverage (Dollars in Thousands)

	TNB Nevada	% of Total Loans	
Credit Card Loans PCCR	100,000 15,000	100% 15%	
Total Assets	115,000		
Sub Prime Excess Threshold PCCR Excess Threshold Total Adjusted Assets	(567) (10,048) 104,386	1% 10% ———104%	
Equity Needed for PCCR and Sub Prime Remaining Equity for Tier I Leverage Total Shareholder's Equity	10,614 9,196 19,810	11% 9% 20%	<u> </u>

Tier I Leverage 8.00%

PCCR and SubPrime Treatment

Additional Equity is needed for PCCR and SubPrime that is in Excess of 25% of Total Shareholders Equity

15% ROE = \$3MM Income ROA = 2.58%

Capital Allocation

	12/31/2006		12/31/2007	
Bank Division	Assets (millions)	<u>MIX</u> (%)	Assets (millions)	<u>MIX</u> (%)
Loans	255	29	354	26
Investments	350	40	491	36
Mortgage Warehouse	75	9	124	9
Card Services				
Credit/Debit	49	6	52	4
TNB Nevada	<u>145</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>327</u>	<u>24</u>
Earning Assets	874	100	1348	100

Earnings: ROA vs. ROE

Scenario Comparrisons: Stand Alone

A/Tax ROA

	Nevada =	<u>Securities</u>	<u>ROE</u>
PCCR @17%	0.97%	0.37%	6.17%
Equity Ratio 21.1%	1.32%	0.50%	8.33%
LOB 15.8%	1.65%	0.63%	10.42%
	1.98%	0.75%	12.50%
PCCR @ 18%	1.01%	0.37%	6.17%
Equity Ratio 21.9%	1.37%	0.50%	8.33%
LOB 16.4%	1.71%	0.63%	10.42%
	2.05%	0.75%	12.50%
	100		
PCCR @ 19%	1.05%	0.37%	6.17%
Equity Ratio 22.7%	1.42%	0.50%	8.33%
LOB 17.0%	1.77%	0.63%	10.42%
	2.13%	0.75%	12.50%

Securities
Equity Ratio 6.0%

Line of Business Profitability

			Mix		
Line of Bu	<u>isiness</u>	ROE	Earnings	Assets	Capital
	Core Banking	8.65%	20%	25%	21%
	Investments	9.07%	13%	40%	28%
	Mtg Whse	22.18%	12%	6%	4%
	Nevada	7.16%	27%	25%	44%
	Card Processing	70.07%	28%	4%	3%
Total		10.77%	100%	100%	100%

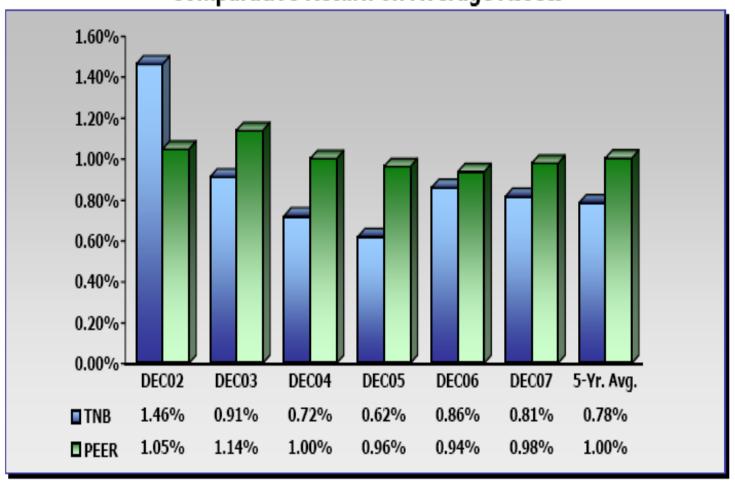
Notes:

ROE is 10 years; 3 yrs. for Mtg Whse & Nevada

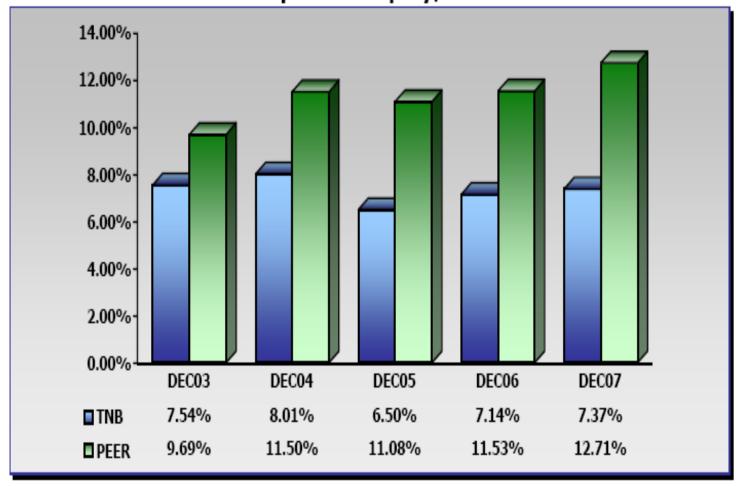
Putting It All Together

EOP Aug-07			
	TNB Nevada	TNB Dallas	TNB Consolidated
Total Assets	326,925	1,019,119	1,345,444
Equity	60,106	51,010	111,116
Ratios			
Equity	18.39%	5.01%	8.26%
Tier I	9.72%	7.59%	9.65%
Tier II	10.99%	7.95%	10.76%

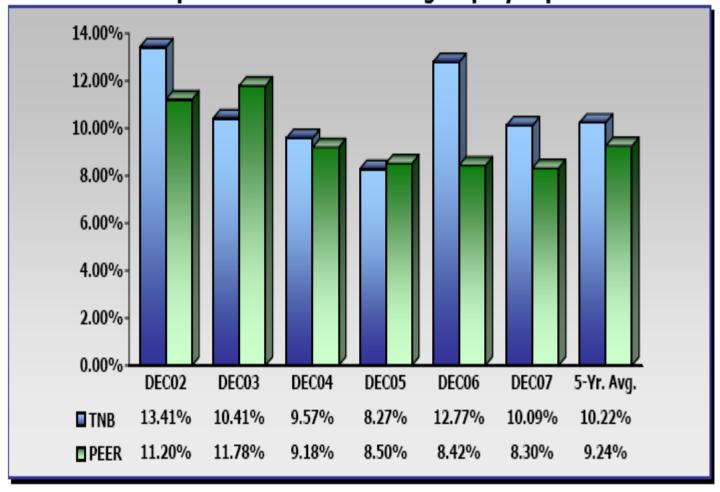
Comparative Return on Average Assets



Comparative Equity/Assets



Comparative Return on Average Equity Capital



TRUST PREFERRED DISCUSSION

Trust Preferred

Trust Preferred Parameters

25% of Total Capital Counts as Tier I Capital Excess of 25% Counts as Tier II Capital Trust Preferred Converts to Higher Returns:

	Mix	ROI
	25%	13.3%
Equity @ 11% Return	33%	14.4%
	40%	15.7%

Trust Preferred assumed @ 6%

			<u>NOI</u>
Projected Equity Dec 2008	\$ 140,000	33%	14.4%
Earnings-2 1/2 years	30,000		
Trust Preferred	70,000		
Projected Equity Dec 2010	\$ 240,000	29%	13.9%

Capital Formation Initiatives

		(\$Millions) Current			
Recent Initiatives	<u>Year</u>	<u>As</u>	<u>ssets</u>	ROE	
TNB Nevada Mortgage Warehouse	2002 2003	\$ \$	330 159	15%+ 20%+	
Near Term Initiatives Interim Constrution	2007	\$	44	20%+	

Long Range Initiatives

Increase Agent Portfolio Acquisitions/Generate Cross Selling Opportunities

Leverage Mortgage Warehouse & Interim Construction into Mortgage Origination

Capital Utilization Projects

- Public Funds Advisory Services:
 - Credit Unions' entry to public funds management
 - Liquidity Management
 - Bid Process
 - Public Funds are savings of > 30 basis points vs.
 Wholesale funding. ROE = > 16%

Reasons Credit Unions Invest

- Highest earning investment in the credit union's portfolio.
- Diversification of credit union investments.
- Well established stable investment.

Proven Strategies

- The success of strategies implemented at TNB gained the trust and confidence of our Shareholders.
- TNB executed a \$60mm private equity, (Dec. 2006) offering with \$35mm in oversubscriptions
- This was one of the largest private offerings for a privately held bank in Texas history